The Northern Tablelands Regional Strategic Weed Management Plan 2017 - 2022





Weed Control Management Plan: Yellow Bells

Botanical Name: Tecoma stans Common Names: Yellow Bells

Northern Tablelands Regional Priority Weeds Objective – <u>ASSET PROTECTION</u> (Whole of Region) This weed is widely distributed in some areas of the region. Their spread must be minimised to protect priority sites.

General Biosecurity Duty

All plants are regulated with a **general biosecurity duty** to prevent, eliminate or minimise any biosecurity risk they may pose. Any person who deals with any plant, who knows (or ought to know) of any biosecurity risk, has a duty to ensure the risk is prevented, eliminated or minimised, so far as is reasonably practicable.

Regional Recommended Measure:

Outcomes to demonstrate compliance with GBD

- Land managers should prevent spread from their land, where feasible.
- Land managers should mitigate the risk of new weeds being introduced to their land.
- The plant should not be bought, sold, grown, carried or released into the environment.
- Mandatory Measure (Division 8, Clause 33 Biosecurity Regulation 2017)
 A person must not import into the State or sell.

Tenterfield Shire Council Local Control Requirements

Owners/occupiers of land are required to actively control Yellow bells, and as a minimum, to continuously inhibit the plants ability to spread, and its numbers and distribution must be reduced.



Photo: NSW DPI

Yellow bells invades riparian areas, edges of rainforest and eucalypt forest, open woodlands, grasslands, waste areas, sand dunes, agricultural land and other disturbed areas.

It can form dense stands which strongly compete with other species and reduces habitat for native animals. Although palatable to stock, it reduces feed quality, restricts access for stock and machinery and competes with orchard plantings

It has the potential to be a serious weed of much of tropical and subtropical Australia.

Yellow bells primarily reproduces from seed. These are primarily wind-borne, but are also spread by water and dumping garden waste. Plants can also sucker, especially if damaged. Seedlings mostly germinate in spring and summer.

Early growth is relatively rapid, with growth of up to 1 m in height in the first year. The main growth period is from spring to autumn, but green foliage is present year-round.

Flowering and fruiting occur year-round, but are chiefly from spring to autumn. The main methods of control are excluding plants from uninfested areas, physical removal of all plant parts, and herbicide application. Which method is appropriate depends on size and density of the infestation, accessibility, time and resources available.

Penalty for not complying with the general biosecurity duty or a direction issued under the Biosecurity Act 2015.

The maximum penalty is:

- in the case of an individual—\$220,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$55,000 for each day the offence continues, or
- in the case of a corporation—\$440,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$110,000 for each day the offence continues.

The maximum penalty for an offence that is committed negligently is:

- in the case of an individual—\$1,100,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$137,500 for each day the offence continues, or
- in the case of a corporation—\$2,200,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$275,000 for each day the offence continues.

Linkage to Plans/Strategies

- Northern Tablelands Regional Strategic Weed Management Plan 2017-2022
- NSW Biosecurity Strategy 2013-2021
- NSW Biosecurity Act 2015
- Pesticides Act 1999 and Pesticide Regulation 2017



Download the weedwise app for detailed information on priority weeds in our area.

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For Further Information:

Tenterfield Shire Council 247 Rouse St Tenterfield NSW 2360

PH: (02) 6736 6000 www.tenterfield.nsw.gov.au

or

NSW DPI Weedwise: http://weeds.dpi.nsw.gov.au/

or

Northern Tablelands Local Land Services:

https://northerntablelands.lls.nsw.gov.au/biosecurity

References

• NSW DPI Website / Weedwise / Noxious and Environmental Weed Control Handbook 6th Edition.

Disclaimer:

This document has been prepared by the Northern Tablelands Regional Weed Committee and Local Government Control Authorities in good faith and on the basis of best available information. Users of this document must obtain their own specific advice and conduct their own investigations and assessments of their individual circumstances.