



## RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE POLICY

### Summary:

This Policy has been developed to provide guidance in complying with the Local Government Act, section 413(3), which requires Council to prepare its General Purpose Financial Statements in compliance with Australian Accounting Standards. The relevant standard for the purpose of this Policy is AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures, July 2015 (AASB 124).

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<b>Department</b>	Corporate & Governance
<b>Policy Custodian</b>	Manager Finance & Technology
<b>Superseded Documents</b>	N/A
<b>Related Document</b>	1.160 - Payment of Expenses and Provision of Facilities to Councillors Policy (V13.0) Code of Conduct Procedures for Council's Administration of the Code of Conduct Privacy Management Plan
<b>Delegations of Authority</b>	Chief Executive Officer Chief Corporate Officer & Responsible Accounting Officer Manager Finance and Technology*  *While the Manager Finance & Technology has overall responsibility for this Policy, for the purpose of ensuring integrity and segregation of duties, the investigation of Related Party Transactions in relation to the Manager Finance & Technology may be delegated to another staff member by the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Corporate Officer.

### 1. Policy Objectives

The objective of the Policy is to ensure that the existence of certain related party relationships, related party transactions and information about the transactions, necessary for users to understand the potential effects on the Financial Statements are properly identified, recorded in Council's systems, and disclosed in Council's General Purpose Financial Statements in compliance with AASB 124, the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 [PPIPA] and the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 [GIPAA].

## 2. Policy Statement

Council in complying with disclosure requirements in AASB 124, will;

- (1) Identify related party relationships, related party transactions and ordinary citizen transactions;
- (2) Identify information about the related party transactions for disclosure;
- (3) Establish systems to capture and record the related party transactions and information about those transactions;
- (4) Identify the circumstances in which disclosure of the items in subparagraphs (1) and (2) are required; and
- (5) Determine the disclosures to be made about those items in the General Purpose Financial Statements for the purpose of complying with AASB 124.

## 3. Scope / AASB 124 Disclosure Requirements

### 3.1.1 Disclosures

To comply with AASB 124, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2016, Council will make the following disclosures in its General Purpose Financial Statements:

- (a) Relationships between Council and its subsidiaries, irrespective of whether there have been transactions between them.<sup>1</sup>
- (b) Key management personnel (KMP) compensation in total and for each of the following categories: <sup>2 3</sup>
  - (i) short-term employee benefits;
  - (ii) post-employment benefits;
  - (iii) other long term benefits; and
  - (iv) termination benefits.
- (c) Amounts incurred by Council for the provision of KMP services that are provided by a separate management entity.<sup>4</sup>
- (d) The information specified in Section 3.1.2 for related party transactions with the following persons during the periods covered by the Financial Statement:<sup>5</sup>
  - (i) Council subsidiaries;
  - (ii) entities who are associates of Council or of a Council subsidiary;
  - (iii) joint ventures in which Council or a Council subsidiary is a joint venturer;
  - (iv) Council's KMP;
  - (v) other related parties, comprising:
    - (a) a close family member of a KMP of Council;
    - (b) entities controlled or jointly controlled by a KMP of Council;
    - (c) entities controlled or jointly controlled by a close family member of a KMP of Council;
    - (d) other entities as specified in AASB 124, paragraph 9(b)(iii), (iv), (v) and (viii),

### 3.1.2 Disclosed Information

For each category of related party transactions specified in Section 3.1.1(d), Council will disclose the following information in Council's General Purpose Financial Statements:

- (a) the nature of the related party relationship;
- (b) the amount of the transactions;
- (c) the amount of outstanding balances, including commitments, and:
  - (i) their terms and conditions, including whether they are secured, and the nature of the consideration to be provided in settlement; and
  - (ii) details of any guarantees given or received;
- (d) provisions for doubtful debts related to the amount of outstanding balances; and
- (e) the expense recognised during the period in respect of bad or doubtful debts due from related parties.

### 3.1.3 Disclosed in Aggregate or Separate

For each related party category specified in Section 3.1.1(d), Council will disclose information specified in Section 3.1.2 for related party transactions of a similar nature in aggregate except when separate disclosure is necessary for an understanding of the effects of related party transactions on the Financial Statements of Council, having regard to the following criteria:

- (a) the nature of the related party relationship;
- (b) the significance of the transaction (individually or collectively) in terms of size or value (including where the materiality arises due to the fact that no consideration for the transaction is given or received by Council);
- (c) whether the transaction is carried out on non-arm's length terms;
- (d) whether the nature of the transaction is outside normal day-to-day business operations, based on the factors and thresholds under the direction of the Manager Finance & Technology in consultation with Council's external auditor.

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<sup>1</sup> See AASB 124, paragraphs 13, Aus13.1, 14, 15, and 16.

<sup>2</sup> See AASB 124, paragraphs 17 and 17A.

<sup>3</sup> Note: This requirement is in addition and separate to the disclosure of senior management remuneration in Council's annual report, pursuant to the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005*, clause 217.

<sup>4</sup> See AASB 124, paragraph 18A.

<sup>5</sup> See AASB 124, paragraphs 18 to 24.

## **3.2. IDENTIFYING COUNCIL RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS**

### **3.2.1 Identification**

The Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for identifying Council subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (incorporated and unincorporated) from the Related Entities Register, a document which is prepared to substantiate Note 19 of the Financial Statements "Interests in Other Entities".

### **3.2.2 Control or Joint Control**

To determine whether Council has control or joint control of an entity, the Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for applying Australian Accounting Standards AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and AASB 11 Joint Arrangements.

### **3.2.3 Associate or Joint Venture**

To determine whether an entity is an associate of, or in a joint venture with, Council or a Council subsidiary the Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for applying AASB 128 investments in associates and joint ventures.

### **3.2.4 Electronic Investigation**

The Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for investigating through Council's business system whether any identified Council subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures have an existing related party transaction with Council.

### **3.2.5 Information Extraction**

The Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for identifying and extracting information specified in Section 3.1.2 against each existing related party transaction in Council's business systems for the purpose of recording the related party transactions and associated information in a register of related party transactions.

### **3.2.6 Manual Investigation and Recording of Information**

For related party transactions that are not captured by Council's business systems, the Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for manually reviewing the transactional documentation and record the information specified in Section 3.1.2 for the subject transaction in the register of related party transactions.

### **3.3 IDENTIFYING RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS WITH KMP AND THEIR CLOSE FAMILY MEMBERS**

#### **3.3.1 Related Party Disclosures**

KMP must provide a related party disclosure in the form set out in Attachment A, notifying any existing or potential related party transactions between Council and either themselves, their close family members or entities controlled or jointly controlled by them or any of their close family members, subject to Section 3.5, to the Manager Finance & Technology by no later than the following periods during a financial year. The collection of this information will be coordinated by the Governance Coordinator. (***specified notification period***):

- (a) 30 days after the commencement of the application of this Policy;
- (b) 30 days after a KMP commences or ceases their term or employment with Council; and
- (c) 30 June each year (unless in a year in which the KMP has commenced or ceased their term or employment with Council.)

#### **3.3.2 Related Party Disclosure Form**

At least 30 days before a specified notification period, the Governance Coordinator will provide KMP with a Related Party Disclosure Form (Attachment A) and a Privacy Collection Notice (Attachment B).

#### **3.3.3 Suspected Related Party Transaction**

If a KMP suspects that a transaction may constitute a related party transaction, the KMP should provide a related party in the Related Party Disclosure Form. Regardless of whether a KMP suspects that a transaction may constitute a related party transactions, all forms should be returned with a "nil return" being recorded if applicable.

#### **3.3.4 Other Notifications**

The notification requirements in Section 3 are in addition to the notifications a KMP must make to comply with:

- (a) council's, *Code of Conduct*; and
- (b) the disclosure of interests in a written return pursuant to section 450A of the *Local Government Act 1993 and Local Government (General) Regulation 2005*.

#### **3.3.5 Exclusions**

The notification requirements in Section 3 do not apply to:

- (a) related party transactions that are ordinary citizen transactions as determined under Section 3.4; and
- (b) the Mayor and Councillors expenses incurred and facilities provided during the financial year under Council's *Payment of Expenses and Provision of Facilities to Councillors' Policy*, the particulars of which are contained in Council's Annual Report pursuant to the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005*, clause 217.

### **3.3.6 Information Extraction**

The Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for identifying information specified in Section 3.1.2 against each notified related party transaction in Council's business systems for the purpose of recording the related party transactions and associated information in the register of related party transactions.

### **3.3.7 Other Sources of Information**

To ensure all related party transactions are captured and recorded, the Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for reviewing, if required, other sources of information held by Council including, without limitation:

- (a) a register of interests of a KMP and of persons related to the KMP;
- (b) minutes of Council and committee meetings;
- (c) Council's Contracts' Register.

### **3.3.8 Manual Investigation and Recording of Information**

For notified related party transactions that are not captured by Council's business systems, the Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for manually reviewing the transactional documentation and record the information specified in Section 3.1.2 for the subject transaction in the register of related party transactions.

## **3.4 ORDINARY CITIZEN TRANSACTIONS**

A KMP is not required to notify in a related party disclosure and Council will not disclose in its Financial Statements, related party transactions that are ordinary citizen transactions.

## **3.5 REGISTER OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

### **3.5.1 Maintain a Register**

The Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for maintaining and keeping up to date a register of related party transactions that captures and records the information specified in Section 3.1.2 for each existing or potential related party transaction during a financial year. The Manager Finance & Technology will liaise with the Governance Coordinator who is responsible for ensuring KMP's are provided with and return the Related Party Disclosure Form in a timely manner.

### **3.5.2 Contents of Register**

The contents of the register of related party transactions must detail for each related party transaction:

- (a) the description of the related party transaction;
- (b) the name of the related party;
- (c) the nature of the related party's relationship with Council;
- (d) whether the notified related party transaction is existing or potential;
- (e) a description of the transactional documents the subject of the related party transaction;
- (f) the information specified in Section 3.1.2.

The Manager Finance & Technology is responsible for ensuring that the information specified in Section 3.1.2 is disclosed in Council's Financial Statements to the extent, and in the manner stipulated by AASB 124, subject to Section 3.1.3.

## **3.6 INFORMATION PRIVACY**

### **3.6.1 Confidential**

The following information is classified as confidential and is not available for inspection by or disclosure to the public, including through a GIPAA application:

- (a) information (including personal information) provided by a KMP in a related party disclosure; and
- (b) personal information contained in a register of related party transactions.

### **3.6.2 When Consent is Required**

Except as specified in this Policy, Council and other permitted recipients will not use or disclose personal information provided in a related party disclosure by a KMP or contained in a register of related party transactions for any other purpose or to any other person except with the prior written consent of the subject KMP.

### **3.6.3 Permitted Recipients**

The following persons are permitted to access, use and disclose the information (including personal information) provided in a related party disclosure or contained in a register of related party transactions for the purposes specified in Section 3.6.4:

- (a) the Chief Executive Officer;
- (b) the Manager Finance & Technology, Governance Coordinator and Chief Corporate Officer;
- (c) an Auditor of Council (including a Contract Audit Agent appointed by the Audit Office of NSW on behalf of the NSW Auditor General);
- (d) Other Officers as delegated by the Chief Executive Officer.

### **3.6.4 Permitted Purposes**

A person specified in Section 3.6.3 may access, use and disclose information (including personal information) in a related party disclosure or contained in a register of related party transactions for the following purposes:

- (a) to assess and verify a notified related party transaction;
- (b) to reconcile identified related party transactions against those notified in a related party disclosure or contained in a register of related party transactions;
- (c) to comply with the disclosure requirements of AASB 124;
- (d) to verify compliance with the disclosure requirements of AASB 124.

An individual may access their personal information provided by a KMP in a related party disclosure or contained in a register of related party transactions in accordance with *Council's Privacy Management Plan*.

## **3.7 GOVERNMENT INFORMATION (PUBLIC ACCESS) [GIPAA] STATUS**

### **3.7.1 No Public Inspection**

The following documents are not open to or available for inspection by the public:

- (a) related party disclosures provided by a KMP; and
- (b) a register of related party transactions.

### **3.7.2 Not GIPAA – Accessible**

A GIPAA application seeking access to:

- (a) a document or information (including personal information) provided by a KMP in a related party disclosure; or
- (b) personal information contained in a register of related party transactions; will be refused on the grounds the document or information comprises information for which there is an overriding public interest against disclosure pursuant to Section 14 of GIPAA.

### **3.7.3 Transactional Documentation**

A GIPAA application seeking access to and release of transactional information and documentation the subject of a related party transaction with Council will be considered, assessed and decided in accordance with Council's usual procedures regarding applications made under GIPAA.



## 4. Accountability, Roles & Responsibility

### **Policy Custodian**

The Chief Corporate Officer is the custodian for this policy. As the custodian he/she is responsible for managing policy compliance and initiating the policy review process as well as having responsibility for policy implementation.

### **Jurisdiction**

No authority to depart from this policy is granted to any person. All actions and decisions must be in accordance with this policy and this policy can only be varied by Council.

## 5. Definitions

Each of the following expressions in bold bears the meaning shown below:

### ***Arm's length terms***

Terms between parties that are reasonable in the circumstances of the transaction that would result from:

- (a) neither party bearing the other any special duty or obligation; and
- (b) the parties being unrelated and uninfluenced by the other; and each party having acted in its own interest.

### ***Associate***

In relation to an entity (***the first entity***), an entity over which the first entity has significant influence.

### ***Close family members or close members of the family***

In relation to a KMP, family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that KMP in their dealings with Council will include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

For the purpose of AASB 124, close family members could include extended members of a family (such as, without limitation, parents, siblings, grandparents, uncles/aunts or cousins) *if* they could be expected to influence, or be influenced by, the KMP in their dealings with Council.

### ***Control***

Control of an entity is present when there is:

- (a) power over the entity; and
- (b) exposure or rights to variable returns from involvement with the entity; and
- (c) the ability to use power over the entity to affect the amount of returns received as determined in accordance with AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements, Paragraphs 5 to 18, Appendices A (Defined Terms) and B (Application Guidance)*.

**Joint control**

The contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

**Joint venture**

An arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control and have right to the net assets of the arrangement.

**Joint venturer**

A party to a joint venture that has joint control of that joint venture.

**KMP**

Person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of Council. Specifically, KMP of Council are the:

- (a) Mayor;
- (b) Councillors;
- (c) Chief Executive Officer;
- (d) Chief Officers;
- (e) Manager Finance & Technology

**Ordinary citizen transactions**

Transactions that an ordinary citizen would undertake with Council, which is undertaken on arm's length terms and in the ordinary course of carrying out Council's functions and activities.

Examples of ordinary citizen transactions are:

- (a) paying rates and utility charges;
- (b) using Council's public facilities after paying the corresponding fees.

**Related party**

A person or entity that is related to Council pursuant to the definition contained in AASB 124, Paragraph 9. Examples of related parties of Council are:

- (a) Council subsidiaries;
- (b) KMP;
- (c) close family members of KMP;
- (d) entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by KMP or their close family members.

**Related party transaction**

A transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Council and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged. Examples of related party transactions are:

- (a) purchases or sales of goods;
- (b) purchases or sales of property and other assets;
- (c) rendering or receiving of services;
- (d) rendering or receiving of goods;
- (e) leases;
- (f) transfers under licence agreements;
- (g) transfers under finance arrangements (example: loans);

- (h) provision of guarantees (given or received);
- (i) commitments to do something if a particular event occurs or does not occur in the future;
- (j) settlement of liabilities on behalf of Council or by Council on behalf of that related party.

**Related party disclosure**

A document entitled *Related Party Disclosure by Key Management Personnel* in the form set out in Attachment A.

**6. Related Documents, Standards & Guidelines**

**LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES**

*Local Government Act 1993 and Local Government (General) Regulation 2005, Accounting Standard AASB 124 July 2015 Related Party Disclosures Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 [PPIPA] Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 [GIPAA].*

**RELATED POLICIES / PROCEDURES**

Code of Conduct  
 Procedures for Council’s Administration of the Code of Conduct  
 Payment of Expenses and Provision of Facilities to Councillor’s Policy  
 Privacy Management Plan

**7. Version Control & Change History**

<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Modified by</b>	<b>Details</b>
V1.0	22/03/2017	Council	Adoption of Original Policy
V1.0	04/07/2017	Council	Policy out on Public Exhibition 4 July to 17 July 2017
V2.0	26/07/2017	Council	Adoption of Policy (Res No. 134/17)
V3.0	23/05/2018	Council	Revision of Policy. (Res No. 98/17)
V4.0	21/12/2022	Council	Re adoption of Policy (Res No. 248/22)



## Related Party Disclosure by Key Management Personnel

**[Note: This document is confidential and is not GIPAA-accessible. See Council’s Related Party Disclosure Policy]**

**Name of Key Management Personnel:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Position of Key Management Personnel:** \_\_\_\_\_

Please read the Privacy Collection Notice provided with this notification, which explains what is a related party transaction and the purposes for which Council is collecting and will use and disclose, the related party information provided by you in this notification.

Please complete the table below **for each related party transaction with Council** that you, or a close member of your family, or an entity related to you or a close member of your family:

- (a) has previously entered into **and** which will continue in the \_\_\_\_\_ financial year; or
- (b) has entered into, or is reasonably likely to enter into, in the \_\_\_\_\_ financial year.

Description of Related Party Transaction	Is transaction existing/potential?	Related Party’s Name (Individual’s or entity’s name)	Related Party’s Relationship/ Reasons why related	Description of Transaction Documents or Changes to the Related Party

Description of Related Party Transaction	Is transaction existing/potential?	Related Party's Name (Individual's or entity's name)	Related Party's Relationship/ Reasons why related	Description of Transaction Documents or Changes to the Related Party

**Notification**

I \_\_\_\_\_ notify that, to the best of my knowledge, information and belief,

(Full name)

(Position)

as at the date of this notification, the above list includes all existing and potential related party transactions with Council involving myself, close members of my family, or entities controlled or jointly controlled by me or close members of my family, relevant to the \_\_\_\_\_ financial year.

I make this notification after reading the Privacy Collection Notice provided by Tenterfield Shire Council, which details the meaning of the words "related party", "related party transaction", "close members of the family of a person" and, in relation to an entity, "control" or "joint control", and the purposes for which this information will be used and disclosed.

I permit the Manager Finance & Technology and the other permitted recipients specified in Council's Related Party Disclosure Policy to access the register of interests of me and persons related to me and to use the information for the purposes specified in that policy.

Signature of named Key Management Personnel: \_\_\_\_\_

## **PRIVACY COLLECTION NOTICE RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES BY KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL**

### **Purpose of Collection, Use and Disclosure**

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2016, Council must disclose certain related party relationships and related party transactions together with information associated with those transactions in its general purpose financial statements, in order to comply with *Australian Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures July 2015 (AASB 124)*.

Related parties include Council's key management personnel (KMP), their close family members, and any entities that they or any of their close family members control or jointly control.

A related party transaction is any transaction (whether a transfer of resources, services or obligations) between the reporting local government and any of the related parties, whether monetary or not.

If there is a related party transaction with Council applicable to a reporting financial year, AASB 124 requires Council to disclose in the financial statements the nature of the related party relationship and information about the transaction, including outstanding balances and commitments associated with the transaction. Disclosure in the financial statements may be in the aggregate and/or made separately, depending on the materiality of the transaction.

For more information about Council's disclosure requirements under AASB 124, please refer to Council's Related Party Disclosure Policy.

### **Notifications by Key Management Personnel**

In order to comply with AASB 124, Council has adopted a policy that requires all members of its KMP to periodically provide notifications to the Manager Finance & Technology of any existing or potential related party transactions between Council and any of their related parties during a financial year, and any changes to previously notified related party relationships and transactions relevant to the subject financial year.

To this end, each KMP must provide a Related Party Disclosure, in the approved form, notifying any existing or potential related party transactions between Council and any related parties of the KMP, to the Manager Finance & Technology by no later than the following periods during a financial year:

- 30 days after the commencement of the application of this policy;
- 30 days after a KMP commences or ceases their term or employment with Council; and
- 30 June each year (unless in a year in which the KMP has commenced or ceased their term of employment with Council.)

Note, these related party disclosure requirements are in addition to the notifications KMPs are required to make to comply with Council's Code of Conduct.

This includes disclosures relating to Conflicts of Interest (Pecuniary and Non Pecuniary) and Gifts and Benefits.

Council's Auditors may audit related party information as part of the annual external audit.

For privacy and right to information status of this information, please refer to Council's Related Party Disclosure Policy.

## Who are KMPs?

KMPs are persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of Council, directly or indirectly.

For Council, KMPs include the:

- Mayor;
- Councillors;
- Chief Executive Officer;
- Chief Officers;
- Manager Finance & Technology

## Who are close family members of a KMP Person?

Close family members, or close members of the family, of a KMP are family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with Council and include:

- (a) that person’s children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person’s spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependants of that person or that person’s spouse or domestic partner.

Under AASB 124, close family members could include extended members of a family (such as, without limitation, a parent, grandparent, siblings, etc) *if* they could be expected to influence, or be influenced by, the KMP in their dealings with Council.

The following table may assist you in identifying your close family members:

Definitely a close family member	Maybe a close family member
Your spouse/domestic partner	Your brothers and sisters, if they could be expected to influence, or be influenced by, you in their dealings with Council
Your children	Your aunts, uncles and cousins, if they could be expected to influence, or be influenced by, you in their dealings with Council
Your dependants	Your parents and grandparents, if they could be expected to influence, or be influenced by, you in their dealings with Council
Children of your spouse/domestic partner	Your nieces and nephews, if they could be expected to influence, or be influenced by, you in their dealings with Council
Dependants of your spouse/domestic partner	Any other member of your family if they could be expected to influence, or be influenced, by you in their dealings with Council

## What is an entity that I, or my close family member, control or jointly control?

Entities include companies, trusts, incorporated and unincorporated associations such as clubs and charities, joint ventures and partnerships.

### Control

You control an entity if you have:

- (a) power over the entity;
- (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from your involvement with the entity; and
- (c) the ability to use your power over the entity to affect the amount of your returns.<sup>1</sup>

**Example of control**

Fred is the Mayor of Sunny Shire Council and owns 100% of the ordinary shares in Sunny Development Company Pty Ltd (the company). The ordinary shares are the only shares in the company that have voting rights.

Fred controls the company because he has the power to affect the company's decisions and the return that he will get from the company.

Fred will need to include the company on his related party disclosure.

**Joint control**

To jointly control an entity there must be contractually agreed sharing of control of the entity, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

**Example of joint control**

Fred is the Mayor of Sunny Shire Council and owns 50% of the ordinary shares in Sunny Development Company Pty Ltd (the company). Fred's brother Stan owns the other 50% of the ordinary shares. Fred and Stan are the only Directors of the company and have equal voting rights on the board.

Fred and Stan have joint control of the company because any decisions require the unanimous consent of them both.

Fred will need to include the company on his related party disclosure and the entity's related party relationship with Fred and Stan.

In some cases, it will be obvious that you or a family member control or have joint control over an entity. In other cases it will be less clear.

If you are unsure whether you, or a close family member, has control or joint control of an entity then you should contact the Manager Finance & Technology for a confidential discussion.

*[End of Privacy Collection Notice]*